

Bis(4-aminopyridinium) bis(oxalato- $\kappa^2 O,O'$)cuprate(II) dihydrate

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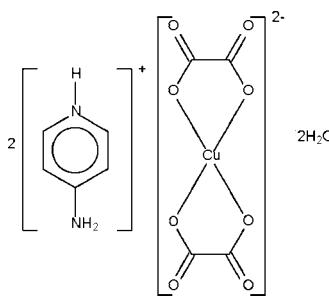
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 295\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.109; data-to-parameter ratio = 10.4.

The Cu^{II} atom in the title salt, $(\text{C}_5\text{H}_7\text{N}_2)_2[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$, is located on a center of inversion and is chelated by two oxalate groups in a square-planar coordination geometry. The cation, anion and water molecules interact through hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional hydrogen-bonded network.

Related literature

See Geiser *et al.* (1987) for the square-planar pyridinium dioxalatocuprate(II) oxalic acid co-crystal. See Sun *et al.* (2004) for 2,6-bis(4'-pyridyl-1'-pyridinium)pyrazine bis(bis-oxalato)cuprate(II), which is also square planar. In bis(2-aminoanilinium) bis(oxalato)cuprate(II), the amino groups coordinate to the metal atom, which exhibits octahedral coordination (Keene *et al.*, 2003).



Experimental

Crystal data

$(\text{C}_5\text{H}_7\text{N}_2)_2[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 465.86$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 3.7105 (3)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 20.311 (1)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 11.9261 (9)\text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 90.450 (1)^\circ$

$V = 898.8 (1)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.28\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 295 (2)\text{ K}$
 $0.14 \times 0.10 \times 0.08\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.764$, $T_{\max} = 0.905$

2623 measured reflections
1590 independent reflections
1498 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.109$
 $S = 1.12$
1590 reflections
153 parameters
5 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.49\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Selected geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$).

Cu1—O1	1.932 (2)	Cu1—O3	1.927 (2)
O1—Cu1—O3	85.4 (1)		

Table 2
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1w—H11···O1	0.85 (3)	2.03 (2)	2.852 (3)	164 (5)
O1w—H12···O3 ⁱ	0.85 (3)	2.12 (5)	2.931 (3)	160 (5)
N1—H1···O2	0.85 (3)	2.12 (2)	2.858 (4)	146 (4)
N2—H21···O4 ⁱⁱ	0.85 (1)	2.07 (1)	2.906 (4)	168 (4)
N2—H22···O1w ⁱⁱⁱ	0.85 (3)	2.02 (3)	2.867 (4)	176 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (ii) $x + 1, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + 3, -y + 1, -z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2008).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU2384).

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supplementary materials

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Comment

There are many crystallographic studies of coordination compounds of oxalic acid (Cambridge Structural Database, Version 5.28, Nov. 2006). The copper(II) center in the title compound shows square-planar coordination (Table 1); the cations, anions and lattice water molecules interact through hydrogen bonds (Table 2) to give rise to a three-dimensional network motif.

Experimental

Potassium oxalate monohydrate (0.036 g, 0.2 mmol) dissolved in water (5 ml) was reacted with copper nitrate trihydrate (0.048 g, 0.2 mmol) in water (5 ml). To this solution was added 4-C₅H₄N-NH-C(O)-C(O)-NH-4-C₅H₄N (0.048 g, 0.2 mmol) dissolved in methanol (15 ml). Blue crystals separated after a few days in 60% yield. CH&N elemental analysis. Calc. for C₁₄H₁₈CuN₄O₁₀: C 36.09, H 3.89, N 12.02%. Found: C 36.43, H 3.74, N 12.18%.

Refinement

The carbon-bound H atoms were placed in calculated positions and were allowed to ride on the parent atoms. The oxygen- and nitrogen-bound H atoms were refined with a distance restraint O-H = N-H = 0.85±0.01 Å. Their temperature factors were freely refined.

Figures

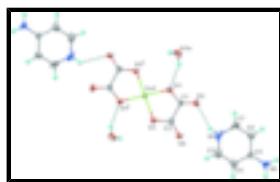


Fig. 1. Thermal ellipsoid plot of $2[C_5H_7N_2]^+[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2]^{2-}\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$; Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level, and H atoms as spheres of arbitrary radii.

Bis(4-aminopyridinium) bis(oxalato- $\kappa^2 O,O'$)cuprate(II) dihydrate

Crystal data

(C₅H₇N₂)₂[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2]\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}

$F_{000} = 478$

$M_r = 465.86$

$D_x = 1.721 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

Cell parameters from 2198 reflections

$a = 3.7105 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$\theta = 2.0\text{--}25.1^\circ$

$b = 20.311 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$\mu = 1.28 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

supplementary materials

$c = 11.9261(9)$ Å $T = 295(2)$ K
 $\beta = 90.450(1)^\circ$ Block, blue
 $V = 898.8(1)$ Å³ $0.14 \times 0.10 \times 0.08$ mm
 $Z = 2$

Data collection

Bruker SMART area-detector
diffractometer 1590 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube 1498 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$
 $T = 295(2)$ K $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.1^\circ$
 φ and ω scans $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan $h = -4 \rightarrow 4$
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.764$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.905$ $k = -21 \rightarrow 24$
2623 measured reflections $l = -8 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring
sites
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$ H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained refinement
 $wR(F^2) = 0.109$ $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0536P)^2 + 1.2237P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $S = 1.12$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
1590 reflections $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23$ e Å⁻³
153 parameters $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.49$ e Å⁻³
5 restraints Extinction correction: none
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct
methods

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cu1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.0283 (2)
O1	0.8063 (6)	0.52464 (11)	0.37661 (18)	0.0352 (5)
O2	1.0084 (7)	0.48225 (12)	0.21648 (19)	0.0399 (6)
O3	0.4985 (6)	0.41370 (10)	0.43287 (17)	0.0313 (5)
O4	0.7190 (7)	0.36328 (11)	0.28166 (19)	0.0386 (5)
O1w	1.1418 (8)	0.65099 (13)	0.3772 (2)	0.0477 (6)
N1	1.1417 (8)	0.37249 (17)	0.0727 (2)	0.0439 (7)
N2	1.5342 (8)	0.27528 (14)	-0.1995 (2)	0.0365 (6)
C1	0.8457 (8)	0.47791 (15)	0.3044 (2)	0.0275 (6)
C2	0.6748 (8)	0.41168 (14)	0.3400 (2)	0.0275 (6)
C3	1.1500 (8)	0.3067 (2)	0.0721 (3)	0.0411 (8)

H3	1.0674	0.2837	0.1343	0.049*
C4	1.2757 (8)	0.27283 (17)	-0.0171 (3)	0.0354 (7)
H4	1.2776	0.2270	-0.0160	0.043*
C5	1.4040 (7)	0.30699 (15)	-0.1115 (2)	0.0266 (6)
C6	1.3848 (8)	0.37643 (16)	-0.1090 (3)	0.0344 (7)
H6	1.4609	0.4011	-0.1702	0.041*
C7	1.2545 (9)	0.40679 (17)	-0.0167 (3)	0.0428 (8)
H7	1.2429	0.4525	-0.0151	0.051*
H11	1.045 (13)	0.6140 (13)	0.363 (4)	0.084 (17)*
H12	1.268 (11)	0.642 (3)	0.434 (3)	0.077 (17)*
H1	1.068 (10)	0.3915 (18)	0.132 (2)	0.046 (11)*
H21	1.563 (10)	0.2337 (6)	-0.199 (3)	0.042 (10)*
H22	1.621 (11)	0.2979 (18)	-0.253 (2)	0.055 (12)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cu1	0.0380 (3)	0.0234 (3)	0.0237 (3)	-0.00362 (19)	0.0082 (2)	-0.00456 (18)
O1	0.0493 (13)	0.0257 (11)	0.0309 (11)	-0.0074 (10)	0.0139 (10)	-0.0061 (9)
O2	0.0526 (14)	0.0358 (12)	0.0314 (12)	-0.0023 (11)	0.0165 (11)	-0.0029 (10)
O3	0.0416 (12)	0.0258 (11)	0.0265 (11)	-0.0047 (9)	0.0058 (9)	-0.0030 (8)
O4	0.0550 (14)	0.0256 (11)	0.0354 (12)	-0.0043 (10)	0.0117 (10)	-0.0088 (9)
O1w	0.0663 (17)	0.0358 (14)	0.0411 (14)	-0.0106 (12)	-0.0018 (13)	0.0083 (11)
N1	0.0379 (15)	0.064 (2)	0.0295 (15)	0.0085 (14)	-0.0009 (12)	-0.0171 (14)
N2	0.0476 (16)	0.0320 (15)	0.0300 (14)	0.0043 (12)	0.0065 (12)	-0.0016 (12)
C1	0.0325 (15)	0.0265 (15)	0.0236 (15)	0.0023 (12)	0.0016 (12)	-0.0007 (11)
C2	0.0310 (14)	0.0277 (15)	0.0240 (14)	0.0019 (11)	0.0004 (12)	-0.0020 (12)
C3	0.0321 (16)	0.065 (2)	0.0265 (16)	0.0059 (15)	-0.0001 (13)	0.0060 (16)
C4	0.0328 (15)	0.0393 (17)	0.0342 (16)	0.0024 (13)	-0.0023 (13)	0.0077 (14)
C5	0.0248 (13)	0.0307 (15)	0.0244 (14)	0.0030 (11)	-0.0051 (11)	-0.0015 (12)
C6	0.0353 (16)	0.0330 (16)	0.0348 (17)	0.0010 (13)	0.0012 (13)	0.0021 (13)
C7	0.0436 (18)	0.0353 (18)	0.049 (2)	0.0056 (14)	-0.0018 (16)	-0.0133 (16)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Cu1—O1	1.932 (2)		N2—C5	1.325 (4)
Cu1—O3	1.927 (2)		N2—H21	0.85 (1)
Cu1—O3 ⁱ	1.927 (2)		N2—H22	0.85 (3)
Cu1—O1 ⁱ	1.932 (2)		C1—C2	1.548 (4)
O1—C1	1.290 (4)		C3—C4	1.352 (5)
O2—C1	1.217 (4)		C3—H3	0.9300
O3—C2	1.291 (4)		C4—C5	1.409 (4)
O4—C2	1.216 (4)		C4—H4	0.9300
O1w—H11	0.85 (3)		C5—C6	1.413 (4)
O1w—H12	0.85 (3)		C6—C7	1.355 (5)
N1—C3	1.337 (5)		C6—H6	0.9300
N1—C7	1.343 (5)		C7—H7	0.9300
N1—H1	0.85 (3)			

supplementary materials

O3—Cu1—O3 ⁱ	180	O4—C2—O3	126.0 (3)
O3—Cu1—O1 ⁱ	94.7 (1)	O4—C2—C1	119.2 (3)
O3 ⁱ —Cu1—O1 ⁱ	85.4 (1)	O3—C2—C1	114.8 (2)
O1—Cu1—O3	85.4 (1)	N1—C3—C4	121.4 (3)
O3 ⁱ —Cu1—O1	94.7 (1)	N1—C3—H3	119.3
O1 ⁱ —Cu1—O1	180	C4—C3—H3	119.3
C1—O1—Cu1	112.83 (19)	C3—C4—C5	119.9 (3)
C2—O3—Cu1	112.66 (18)	C3—C4—H4	120.0
H11—O1w—H12	101 (5)	C5—C4—H4	120.0
C3—N1—C7	120.4 (3)	N2—C5—C4	121.4 (3)
C3—N1—H1	118 (3)	N2—C5—C6	121.4 (3)
C7—N1—H1	122 (3)	C4—C5—C6	117.2 (3)
C5—N2—H21	122 (3)	C7—C6—C5	119.3 (3)
C5—N2—H22	118 (3)	C7—C6—H6	120.3
H21—N2—H22	120 (4)	C5—C6—H6	120.3
O2—C1—O1	125.5 (3)	N1—C7—C6	121.7 (3)
O2—C1—C2	120.4 (3)	N1—C7—H7	119.2
O1—C1—C2	114.0 (2)	C6—C7—H7	119.2
O3—Cu1—O1—C1	5.3 (2)	O2—C1—C2—O3	-177.7 (3)
O3 ⁱ —Cu1—O1—C1	-174.7 (2)	O1—C1—C2—O3	4.2 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Cu1—O3—C2	177.2 (2)	C7—N1—C3—C4	1.0 (5)
O1—Cu1—O3—C2	-2.8 (2)	N1—C3—C4—C5	0.5 (5)
Cu1—O1—C1—O2	175.7 (3)	C3—C4—C5—N2	178.9 (3)
Cu1—O1—C1—C2	-6.3 (3)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.7 (4)
Cu1—O3—C2—O4	179.1 (3)	N2—C5—C6—C7	-179.1 (3)
Cu1—O3—C2—C1	0.2 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C7	1.6 (4)
O2—C1—C2—O4	3.3 (4)	C3—N1—C7—C6	-1.1 (5)
O1—C1—C2—O4	-174.8 (3)	C5—C6—C7—N1	-0.2 (5)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , °)

$D\cdots H$	$D—H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—H\cdots A$
O1w—H11···O1	0.85 (3)	2.03 (2)	2.852 (3)	164 (5)
O1w—H12···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.85 (3)	2.12 (5)	2.931 (3)	160 (5)
N1—H1···O2	0.85 (3)	2.12 (2)	2.858 (4)	146 (4)
N2—H21···O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.85 (1)	2.07 (1)	2.906 (4)	168 (4)
N2—H22···O1w ^{iv}	0.85 (3)	2.02 (3)	2.867 (4)	176 (4)

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$; (iii) $x+1, -y+1/2, z-1/2$; (iv) $-x+3, -y+1, -z$.

Fig. 1

